

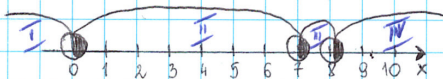
What to say in front of the blackboard - a brief tutorial

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Solve:

$$|4-x| - |8-x| + |x| = 10$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ x_0=4 & x_0=8 & x_0=0 \end{array}$$



I. $x \in (-\infty; 0)$

$$\begin{array}{ll} 4-x & \oplus \\ 8-x & \oplus \\ x & \ominus \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (4-x) - (8-x) + (-x) &= 10 \\ 4-x - 8+x -x &= 10 \\ -x &= 11 \\ \underline{x = -11} \end{aligned}$$

II. $x \in [0; 4)$

$$\begin{array}{ll} 4-x & \oplus \\ 8-x & \oplus \\ x & \oplus \end{array} \quad (\text{for example } x=4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (4-x) - (8-x) + (x) &= 10 \\ 4-x - 8+x+x &= 10 \\ x &= 11 \notin [0; 4) \\ &\downarrow \text{contradiction} \\ \underline{x \in \emptyset} \end{aligned}$$

III. $x \in [4; 8)$

$$\begin{array}{ll} 4-x & \ominus \\ 8-x & \oplus \\ x & \oplus \end{array} \quad (\text{for example } x=7\frac{1}{2})$$

$$\begin{aligned} -(4-x) - (8-x) + x &= 10 \\ -4+x - 8+x+x &= 10 \\ 3x &= 22 \\ x &= \frac{22}{3} \notin [4; 8) \\ \underline{x \in \emptyset} & \downarrow \text{contradiction} \end{aligned}$$

the absolute value of 4 minus x, minus the absolute value of 8 minus x, plus the absolute value of x is equal to 10

first of all, I compare all the expressions in the modulus bars to 0 and I get three values: 4, 8 and 0

then, I draw the OX axis, on which I mark the numbers I obtained in the previous step. I create four intervals and draw circles at 4, 8 and 0 (they are half-empty and half-full)

now, I consider all intervals.

In the first interval x belongs to from minus infinity to 0 (open bracket). Then I rewrite three expressions from the modulus bars and I choose any number which belongs to the interval, for example -2. If I put -2 instead of x, then (4-x) and (8-x) are positive and (x) is negative so I rewrite the equality in the following way (4-x) and (8-x) are written in the same sign and (x) is written with a changed sign. Now I solve the equality.

x belongs to the first interval so we get the first solution of the equality which is x = -11

In the second interval x belongs from 0 (closed bracket) to 4 (open bracket).

In the same way, I chose a number belongs to this interval, check the sign and solve!

if x doesn't belong to the considered interval I get a contradiction, so there are no solutions in this interval

I do the same with third and fourth interval.

x doesn't belong to the considered interval so there is no solution

IV. $x \in (8; +\infty)$ (for example $x = 9$)

$$\begin{array}{l} 4 - x \ominus \\ 8 - x \ominus \\ 8 - x \oplus \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -(4-x) - [-(8-x)] + x = 10 \\ -4+x - (-8+x) + x = 10 \\ -4+x + 8 - x + x = 10 \\ x = 9 \end{array}$$

x belongs to the consider interval and I get the second solution of my quality which is $x = 9$

Finally, taking answers from all intervals I get two solutions of my quality which are:

$$\underline{x = -11 \text{ and } x = 9}$$